

HARRISON AND MORTON WIN.

NEW-YORK WILL GIVE THEM 36 VOTES.

NEW-JERSEY DEMOCRATIC - CONNECTICUT IN DOUBT.

INDIANA APPARENTLY REPUBLICAN.

CONGRESS REPUBLICAN BY 20 OR 25 MAJORITY - THE NORTHERN STATES GIVE 212 ELECTORAL VOTES FOR HARRISON - 162 VOTES FOR CLEVELAND IN THE SOUTH - PENNSYLVANIA GIVES 65,000 - 23,000.

REPUBLICAN PLURALITY IN MAINE - RETURNS FROM OTHER STATES.

Returns from the various States come in slowly, but enough have been received to indicate that Harrison has carried all the Northern States except Indiana, New-Jersey and Connecticut. The States apparently for him including New-York, which gives him a substantial plurality - have a total electoral vote of 212. The States for Cleveland have an electoral vote of 162. The States in doubt are Connecticut and Indiana. Connecticut being apparently for Cleveland and Indiana for Harrison.

The List Congress, according to the latest returns, will be Republican by from twenty to twenty-five majority.

The latest figures indicate a plurality for Harrison in New-York. The Assembly is Republican by about thirty majority, and eighteen of the thirty-four Congressmen are Republican. New-York County gives Cleveland about 56,000, and Kings about 11,800.

Connecticut is in doubt, but the latest returns seem to indicate a Democratic plurality.

Chairman Huston, of the Indiana Republican State Committee, announces that more than 100 dispatches from all parts of the State indicate that the State has gone Republican by a safe plurality, and he has not received a single discouraging report from any quarter. The city of Indianapolis has gone wild, evidently believing Harrison's election certain.

The Republican plurality in Iowa is estimated at 30,000, against 19,773 in 1884. The party's representation in Congress has probably been increased one, and possibly two. Local causes made the Republican candidates for Railroad Commissioners run greatly behind the State ticket, though they are elected.

Michigan is said to be entirely safe by ex-Governor Alger, and in the Vth Congressional District Charles E. Belknap defeated Melbourne H. Ford, who has been much in public notice of late as chairman of the committee that has been investigating immigration.

Harrison's plurality in Pennsylvania is estimated at 55,000, Philadelphia giving 25,000. John W. Wrenmaker, one of the Republican electors, was largely scratched by railway men.

In Maine, Mr. J. H. Manley, chairman of the Republican State Committee, estimates Harrison's plurality at not less than 23,000.

Massachusetts reports Republican gains and a gain of two Republican Congressmen.

Governor Ruess, of Wisconsin, estimates that Harrison has from 18,000 to 20,000 majority, and that six or seven Republican Congressmen have been elected.

In Louisiana the Republicans have gained a Congressman, electing H. Dudley Coleman in the 11th District.

Cleveland's plurality in South Carolina is estimated at from 15,000 to 20,000. The Congressional delegation is Democratic.

STATES FOR HARRISON.

	1884.	1888.
Official Electoral	Estimated Elector.	Plurality.
California	5,807 R	5,807 R
Colorado	25,110 R	25,110 R
Illinois	19,773 R	19,773 R
Iowa	30,000 R	30,000 R
Kansas	24,274 R	24,274 R
Maine	20,000 R	20,000 R
Massachusetts	24,243 R	24,243 R
Michigan	42,834 R	42,834 R
Minnesota	41,779 R	41,779 R
Nebraska	22,821 R	22,821 R
Nevada	1,615 R	1,615 R
New-Hampshire	4,066 R	4,066 R
New-York	1,047 D	1,047 D
Ohio	31,802 R	31,802 R
Oregon	2,256 R	2,256 R
Pennsylvania	51,019 R	51,019 R
Rhode Island	6,639 R	6,639 R
Vermont	22,183 R	22,183 R
Wisconsin	14,998 R	14,998 R
Total	212	212

STATES FOR CLEVELAND.

	1884.	1888.
Official Electoral	Estimated Elector.	Plurality.
Alabama	34,380 D	34,380 D
Arkansas	22,092 D	22,092 D
Delaware	4,013 D	4,013 D
Florida	3,735 D	3,735 D
Georgia	46,004 D	46,004 D
Kentucky	34,839 D	34,839 D
Louisiana	16,193 D	16,193 D
Maryland	11,233 D	11,233 D
Mississippi	33,001 D	33,001 D
Missouri	33,009 D	33,009 D
New-Jersey	4,358 D	4,358 D
North Carolina	17,884 D	17,884 D
South Carolina	48,187 D	48,187 D
Tennessee	9,180 D	9,180 D
Texas	132,168 D	132,168 D
Virginia	6,141 D	6,141 D
West Virginia	4,221 D	4,221 D
Total	162	162

STATES IN DOUBT OR NOT HEARD FROM.

	1884.	1888.
Official Electoral	Estimated Elector.	Plurality.
Connecticut	1,276 D	1,276 D
Indiana	6,527 D	6,527 D
Total	31	31

NECESSARY TO A CHOICE.

201

CONNECTICUT.

THE STATE IN DOUBT.

EARLY RETURNS INDICATED A PLURALITY FOR HARRISON.

But later returns indicate a possible plurality for Cleveland.

New-Haven, Nov. 6, 7:30 p. m. - Nearly all towns heard from give Republican gains. Harrison and Morton have carried the State without a doubt. Indications point to three Republican members of Congress, perhaps four. The Legislature is Republican. N. D. SPERRY.

New-Haven, 9 p. m. - Bridgeport, Waterbury, Meriden and Norwich make large Democratic gains as now re-

ported. I fear the State is lost for Harrison, but am not certain. N. D. SPERRY.

TWO REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN GAINED.

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 6. - Forty-three towns give a gain of 1,004 for Bulkeley (Rep.) for Governor and 615 Republican gain on the Presidential vote. The Republicans elect Simmons (Rep.) in the 1st Congressional District and Russell (Rep.) in the 11th, and probably Miles (Rep.) in the 14th District. The Legislature will undoubtedly be Republican. The Republican plurality for Bulkeley for Governor in Hartford is fifty-nine.

OHIO.

A SLIGHT LOSS ON BLAINE'S VOTE.

WHAT MR. HALSTEAD HAS TO SAY. Cincinnati, Nov. 6. - We have hardly thought of Ohio. In Hamilton County, Cincinnati, we shall lose a few hundred on the Blaine majority, but shall have nearly, perhaps quite, 5,000. Butworth and Caldwell are elected to Congress by large majorities. Local troubles defeat Cox for Clerk. Ryan, for Secretary of State, is ahead. They count slowly in Indiana and wait on each other. We get our only Indiana news save as to scattering precincts from New-York headquarters, but all the precincts show Harrison gains - and they seem to be decisive. M. HALSTEAD.

Editor Commercial Gazette.

INDIANA.

A PLURALITY OF 5,000 TO 10,000.

To Whitehall, Ind., Nov. 6, 11 p. m. - The ticket in this State contains about forty names, and its full vote will be known only to-morrow night. All information up to 11 o'clock indicates that Harrison's plurality will be not less than 5,000. I believe it will reach 8,000 or 10,000. W. R. HOLLOWAY.

CHAIRMAN HUSTON BELIEVES THE STATE SAFE.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 6. - The Republican State Central Committee, by the courtesy of tenants on the second floor of "The Journal" building, were enabled to receive election returns directly under the rooms occupied by the Associated Press, and were furnished with the bulletins sent out by the latter at once. It was 8 o'clock before Chairman Huston came into the room, accompanied by a number of the State candidates, bearing with him a quantity of dispatches received from County Committees all over the State, claiming Republican gains. To the Associated Press reporter who asked for his opinion he replied: "At the present time the indications are favorable to the election of the entire State, and the choice of the Harrison and Morton electors." "By what plurality?" "By what plurality?" "By what I do not care at this hour to give any figures."

INDIANAPOLIS WILDLY ENTHUSIASTIC.

Indianapolis, Nov. 6. - Private dispatches from a hundred points in Indiana to Chairman Huston, up to 8:30 o'clock, indicate satisfactory results for the entire Republican ticket. These dispatches are the estimates and judgment of prominent local Republicans over the State.

All along Washington and Pennsylvania sts., Indiana and Massachusetts ayes, are transparencies displaying bulletins as they are received by the different telegraph companies. Fully 100,000 people are now on the streets and each hour adds to the throng as every incoming train brings its scores of people, anxious to be as near the news center as possible. Every rumor concerning the State is eagerly sought after, and every word is made the occasion of a renewal of howling, yelling and scenes of the wildest demonstration, only equalled upon the receipt of the news of Harrison's nomination. About 8 o'clock the town began to wake up to the fact that it numbered among its citizens the probable President-elect, and the outpouring in spite of the mud and wet was something remarkable. The excitement is very great all over the city, except, perhaps, at Democratic headquarters. At the New Denison the throng is so great that one cannot budge an inch, and once within the hotel the only way out for a hurried correspondent was through the kitchen. In the main corridor of the hotel are crowded the craziest lot of men ever mortal saw outside of an asylum. They are singing and yelling and hugging one another in great shape. If there are any Democrats in the crowd they do not make it known, but the crowd is kept advised by hundreds passing to and fro from the street. A dozen of the large stores on Pennsylvania-st. and Washington-st. are receiving bulletins, and large crowds surround each place. As the New-York bulletins are flashed out upon the big white walls, there is a yell goes up that echoes from one to another and then a din of horns and more cheers. Men are intoxicated with excitement and a good many of them are so carried away they don't know whether they are afoot or on horseback. As the news from New-York continues to come in the crowd in the committee rooms grows. Soon after 8 o'clock a number of prominent Democratic statesmen make their appearance. The waiting orders in the private rooms are Congressmen Matson and Bynum. To the Associated Press correspondent, Mr. Bynum said he thought Indiana would go Democratic by 6,000.

REPUBLICAN GAIN OF 500 IN WAYNE COUNTY.

Richmond, Ind., Nov. 6. (Special.) - A very heavy vote was cast in Wayne County to-day. Everything passed off quietly and good-naturedly. Republicans claim this county for Harrison by 3,000, against 2,500 for Blaine in '84.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MICHENER CLAIMS THE STATE.

Indianapolis, Nov. 6. - Attorney-General Michener at 6 o'clock sent the following telegram to Mr. Blaine and Governor Foraker: "Our dispatches indicate we have carried Indiana."

EARLY RETURNS FAVORABLE.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 6. (Special.) - Returns from Indiana will be slow in coming. The vote is very large, and there has been much scratching. The Republican State Central Committee began receiving telegrams of an encouraging nature at 6 o'clock. Republicans generally were in high spirits when the polls closed, and reports based on the observation of workers and watchers at the voting places indicate that Harrison has made gains in every county in the State except one. It is believed that his plurality in this city will reach fully 1,500. In 1884 Blaine's plurality was 225.

HOW GENERAL HARRISON PASSED THE DAY.

HE VOTED AT 11 O'CLOCK, TOOK A WALK IN THE AFTERNOON AND PASSED THE EVENING AT HOME - CALM AND CHEERFUL.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 6. - The day opened with a drizzling rain, and during the forenoon a cold wind blew up, making the weather most disagreeable. Toward 11 o'clock the rain ceased. At 10:30 while there was a crowd of about 100 standing around and within the lively stable on Seventh-st., where the citizens of the Third Precinct of the Second Ward voted, two men wearing full overcoats with collars turned up, walked quietly along Seventh-st. and entered the polling-place. They were General Harrison and his son Russell. The distance from their residence to the polling place is some three and a half squares. The chute being open when the General arrived, he walked up to the window, and in the quietest possible manner handed in his ballot. As the inspector dropped the paper in the box he called out the name, "Benjamin Harrison," and the clerks responded, "number 237," signifying the number of ballots cast up to that hour. Russell Harrison did not vote, being a citizen of Montana. After the General had voted the crowd gathered about him and a short season of hand-shaking took place. Among those who greeted him were H. D. Pierce, nephew of the late Vice-President Hendricks, and

W. O. Devay, a prominent business man and Democrat. After remaining about twenty minutes and chatting familiarly with a score of more or less acquaintances present, the General and his son buttoned up their overcoats and walked back to the house. The General seemed in excellent spirits. If he felt anxiety over this eventful day's work, not a shadow of it was manifest on his smiling countenance. Around the General's residence everything is very quiet.

General Harrison passed the afternoon at home. About 3 o'clock he went for a walk, the weather being chilly and threatening. Returning at 4, he found a bundle of telegrams awaiting him from all sections of the country. While manifesting interest in the contents and assurances brought by the telegrams, the General was by all odds the coolest person called to the household. Numerous correspondents called seeking to talk with him, but to all he sent strictly private as any other citizen's, his friends having arranged to receive returns in the city and wire them out. He is sending no replies to his many telegrams, nor is it likely he will give out for publication to-night any of the telegrams he may receive at a later hour.

The Associated Press correspondent had a pleasant chat with him this evening. With his little grandson on his hip and a letter in his hand, the General went about his household duties as usual, occasionally entering the library and reading the telegrams.

OUTRAGEOUS ARRESTS OF REPUBLICANS.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 6. (Special.) - Bad weather had no effect upon Indiana voters to-day. Although a heavy rain was falling, there were crowds of men at the voting places at daybreak, and before noon four-fifths of the voters in the State had passed their ballots at the polls. In the early hours of the day nearly every negro who attempted to vote was challenged, and many Republicans who protested against the unfairness of such action were promptly arrested by deputy United States marshals. The men who had been sworn in for this duty were of the worst class, and they exercised their brief authority in outrageous disregard of the rights of citizens. Men were taken into custody without warrants and when the deputies knew of no crimes to press against them. Among the first men arrested in this city who were arrested were a number of prominent citizens. Braden Rorison, one of the leading manufacturers of Indianapolis, was arrested on the absurd false charge that he had in his possession spurious election tickets, and Harry S. New, the junior proprietor of "The Indianapolis Journal," was taken into custody because he protested against a negro being taken away from the polls. The two gentlemen have already instructed their attorneys to sue for damages. The United States Marshal on his official bond for damages aggregating \$50,000. The deputies ruled with a high hand. In the Fourth Ward of this city eight of them arrested a negro without preferring a charge. The release of the man was demanded by the negro, and the officers were drawn. A riot was prevented by the deputies surrendering their prisoners. At least five Republicans were arrested. A mob of a thousand men was immediately organized and the prisoners were taken to the jail. Telegrams from all parts of the State report arrests.

NEW-JERSEY.

THE STATE UNUSUALLY CLOSE.

A PROBABLE DEMOCRATIC VICTORY - MEAGRE RETURNS FROM THE COUNTIES.

The latest advices from New-Jersey indicate that Cleveland has probably carried the State by a bare majority. Many of the counties have as yet not been heard from, especially the counties in the southern part of the State. Among the counties which have declared for the Republican National candidates are Ocean, Mercer, Essex, Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Cape May and Salem. The Democrats have carried Camden, Somerset, Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

Of the Congressional candidates, the Republicans have elected Bergen, of the 1st District; Buchanan, of the 11th, and Leibach, of the 14th. The fight in the 11th District between Kean (Rep.) and Groves (Dem.) is very close, but the Democrats will probably win. The fight in the 14th District is also close, but the Republicans will probably win. The Senate is still in doubt, as the most meagre returns have been received. Carter (Rep.) is elected from Burlington County, and Rogers (Dem.) from Hunterdon, and Adrian (Dem.) from Middlesex.

Eighteen Republican Assemblymen have been elected, and sixteen Democratic members, with several districts yet to be heard from. The fight is exceedingly close.

RETURNS FROM THE COUNTIES.

HARRISON CARRIES MERCER COUNTY.

Trenton, Nov. 6. - Mercer County returns: First Ward, Trenton, gives Cleveland 440, Harrison 854; Second Ward - Cleveland 301, Harrison 486; Third Ward - Cleveland 800, Harrison 733; Fourth Ward - Cleveland 636, Harrison 472; Fifth Ward - Cleveland 600, Harrison 789; Sixth Ward - Cleveland 352, Harrison 217; Seventh Ward - Cleveland 1,600.

Harrison carries Mercer County by an estimated plurality of 600.

Buchanan, Republican, is elected to Congress in the 11th District, carrying Mercer by over 500.

CAMDEN'S BIG MAJORITY FOR HARRISON. Trenton, Nov. 6. (Special.) - Camden County goes Republican by 2,700, a gain of 500. All Republican Assemblymen are elected in the county.

CLEVELAND GAINS IN MONMOUTH COUNTY. Asbury Park, Nov. 6. (Special.) - Cleveland's majority in Monmouth County is estimated at 1,800, a gain of 700. Gelschneider (Dem.) for Congress runs ahead of Cleveland. Kean (Rep.) for Congress carried the county two years ago by 280.

REPUBLICAN AHEAD IN ULSTER. Kingston, Nov. 6. (Special.) - Ulster County gives Harrison about 600 plurality. Cleveland carries Kingston City by 183, a Republican gain of 43 over 1884. Mr. Miller will not run much behind Harrison in the county. Knapp, Republican, is probably elected to Congress. Davidson, Republican, is probably elected to the Assembly in the 1st District. The two other Assemblymen probably Democratic.

Hudson goes for Cleveland. Twenty-six election districts in Hudson County give Cleveland 6,207; Harrison 3,812 votes.

In Hunterdon County Everett (Dem.) is elected State Senator.

Fagan (Dem.) is elected to Assembly in the 11th District of Hudson County. He is elected in the 11th Assembly District of Jersey City, by over 300 majority.

HARRISON CARRIES CAPE MAY. Philadelphia, Nov. 6. - Cape May County, with the upper-township to be heard from, gives Harrison 176 majority; Bergen (Rep.) for Congress, 124; Leaming (Rep.) for Senate, 173; Cook (Rep.) for Assembly, 53. The upper-township will probably give 123 majority.

THE VOTE IN MORRIS COUNTY. Morristown, N. J., Nov. 6. - Morris township gives Cleveland 17 majority; Hoagland (Dem.) for Congress, 8 majority; Meeker (Rep.) for Assembly, 19 majority. The Republican Presidential majority in 1884 was 42. Meeker (Rep.) is elected in the 1st Assembly District. Morris (Rep.) in 11th and Naughton (Dem.) in 12th is the 11th - the same Representatives as last year.

GLoucester is Republican as before. Woodbury, Nov. 6. - Harrison's majority is 600, a gain of 377. Bergen, for Congress, has 500 majority, and West, Assembly, has 400 majority.

ATLANTIC LEANS TOWARD HARRISON. Atlantic City, Nov. 6. (Special.) - Returns from eight polling places out of twelve in this city, all outside of Atlantic City, show Harrison 75 ahead; Buchanan, Republican, for Congress, and Hudson, Republican, for Assembly, leading by the same majority. But one precinct in Atlantic City counted shows a gain of 47. Very heavy vote throughout city and county. Four rural districts are to be heard from. The count will not be finished in this city before 1 a. m.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY IS DEMOCRATIC. New-Brunswick, Nov. 6. - In Middlesex County Cleveland has about 650 majority, a slight gain. The result of the Congressional election in the 11th District is doubtful. Two of the Assemblymen are Democratic and one is Republican. There is no change in the vote for State Senator, which goes Democratic by 300 majority.

BURLINGTON IS ALL RIGHT. Philadelphia, Nov. 6. - Burlington County, New-Jersey, has been carried by the Republicans, with the exception of one Legislative District, by about 500 majority, a gain of 124. Carter (Rep.) is elected Senator. Doran and Hansell (Reps.), and Davis (Rep.), Assemblymen. For Congress Buchanan (Rep.) has 500 plurality.

INTIMIDATING A COLORED MINISTER. Rahway, Nov. 6. (Special.) - While the Rev. Mr. Smith, the first colored minister appointed by General Grant to Haiti, was talking with some colored voters in the First Ward to-day, Constable Hughes interfered and a fight followed. Three men struck the

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

NEW-YORK FOR HARRISON.

THE STATE REPUBLICAN BY A SUBSTANTIAL MAJORITY.

THE VOTE ON CONGRESS.

THE ASSEMBLY REPUBLICAN - LARGE GAINS IN MANY OF THE DISTRICTS.

Returns received up to midnight indicate that Harrison and Morton have carried New-York by a substantial majority. In most of the counties of the interior, the Republicans have made large gains. Among these counties are Oneida, Otsego, Madison, Ulster, Sullivan, Jefferson, Chautauque, and Oswego. Two of these, Otsego and Madison, voted for Cleveland four years ago. The figures on Governor are coming in slowly. Hill has run ahead of Cleveland in a large number of districts. In his own county of Chemung, he has a plurality of 565, as against 1,835 when he ran against Mr. Davenport three years ago. Cleveland's plurality in Chemung is 511 - over 800 less than Hill's. The vast corruption fund raised by the liquor-dealers has served to reduce the vote of Mr. Miller below that of General Harrison in many sections of the State. In his home county of Herkimer, he runs ahead of his ticket and the good result of his gallant canvass is seen in the substantial reduction of the Prohibition vote in not a few of the districts.

The New-York delegation in the List Congress will stand Republicans 18, Democrats 16 - a Democratic gain of one. The Republicans lose the XXXIII District, composed of Erie and Niagara counties.

The Assembly is Republican by an increased majority. Gains have been made in Monroe, Washington, Columbia, Warren and New-York and possibly in other counties. Our latest figures are Republicans 79, Democrats 49. The present Assembly stands Republicans 72, Democrats 56. The Senate which holds over is Republican.

COUNTY PLURALITIES FOR PRESIDENT.

Careful estimates from about two-thirds of the counties in the State, made on the spot, and returns from scattering towns in the other counties indicate that Harrison has carried the State by about 5,000.

	1888.	1884.	1880.
Counties.	Harr.	Clev.	Harr.
Albany	1,400	2,782	3,345
Allegany	3,000	1,402	1,773
Broome	2,000	1,238	1,280
Cattaraugus	3,400	3,135	3,396
Chautauque	6,000	4,800	4,850
Chemung	500	479	170
Chemung	1,200	1,052	1,210
Columbia	1,600	824	1,280
Columbia	400	670	494
Cortland	1,100	1,268	1,375
Delaware	1,100	978	974
Dutchess	1,600	1,024	2,570
Essex	1,400	1,400	2,340
Franklin	1,800	1,775	2,001
Franklin	2,600	1,690	1,388
Fulton	1,400	1,003	1,252
Genesee	1,200	988	1,334
Greene	150	150	696
Herkimer	1,150	810	1,261
Herkimer	2,300	1,954	2,228
Kings	11,800	15,728	9,811
Lewis	300	77	912
Lewis	1,200	1,113	920
Madison	2,410	1,744	2,110
Madison	6,000	5,080	3,860
Montgomery	600	92	283
New-York	56,000	43,064	41,285
Niagara	300	318	318
Oneida	2,100	99	1,946
Oneida	6,000	3,727	4,421
Ontario	1,200	739	1,007
Orange	400	128	416
Orleans	1,200	1,090	1,477
Oswego	3,800	2,642	3,490
Putnam	700	677	406
Queens	1,400	1,922	2,240
Rensselaer	345	641	641
Richmond	1,900	1,970	1,924
Rockland	900	1,104	727
Saratoga	1,800	748	781
Saratoga	1,800	2,344	2,308
Schenectady	800	283	622
Schoharie	1,400	1,857	1,616
Schuyler	700	577	497
Seneca	400	318	400
Sullivan	2,000	927	1,253
Sullivan	700	653	434
Sullivan	400	275	379
Tioga	1,200	988	1,193
Tompkins	900	428	940
Townsend	1,000	59	194
Warren	1,000	794	712
Washington	4,100	3,113	3,634
Wayne	2,500	2,113	2,393
Westchester	400	1,238	491
Yonkers	1,200	1,273	1,235
Total	81,485	76,610	68,460
Plurality	4,775	1,047	21,023

ANOTHER REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLYMAN.

Glens Falls, Nov. 6. - The majority for Harrison in Warren County will be a little over 1,000, a gain of 300 votes. Miller will run about fifty ahead of Harrison. Scott Barton (Rep.) is elected Assemblyman.

RICHMOND COUNTY FOR CLEVELAND. Stapleton, Nov. 6. - In Richmond County the returns give Cleveland 1,800 majority. This is a slight falling off in the Democratic majority compared with 1884.